Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

1. (Currently Amended) A method of producing an oxide superconducting film on a single-crystal substrate by comprising:

depositing, on the <u>a</u> single-crystal substrate, substances scattered from a raw material due to irradiation with laser beams according to a pulsed-laser deposition method,

wherein performing the irradiation of the raw material is performed in a manner such that the repetition frequency of the pulse irradiation of the laser beams is divided into at least two steps: a laser frequency of a second step being higher than the laser frequency of a first step and the laser frequency of the second step being less than 100 times the laser frequency of the first step.

- 2. (Currently Amended) A method of producing an oxide superconducting film according to claim 1, wherein the laser frequency of a first step the second step is not less than 2 times and not more than 40 times as high as the laser frequency of the first step in a case where the laser frequency of the first step is greater than or equal to 1 Hz and less than 20 HZ; and the laser frequency of the second step is not less than 2 times and not more than 5 times as high as the laser frequency of the first step in the case where the first laser frequency is 20 Hz. smaller than the laser frequency of a second step.
- 3. (Currently Amended) A method of producing an oxide superconducting film according to claim 1, wherein the further comprises providing the laser beam with a power is of greater than or equal to 400 mJ or more.
- 4. (Currently Amended) A method of producing an oxide superconducting film according to claim 1, wherein the <u>a</u>temperature of the single-crystal substrate during the pulsed-laser deposition is more than or equal to 600°C and less than 1,200°C.

- 5. (Currently Amended) A method of producing an oxide superconducting film according to claim 3, wherein the <u>a</u>temperature of the single-crystal substrate during the pulsed-laser deposition is more than or equal to 600°C and less than 1,200°C.
- 6. (Currently Amended) A method of producing an oxide superconducting film according to claim 1, wherein the <u>a</u> gas pressure during the pulsed-laser deposition is within the range of 1.33 Pa to 66.66100 Pa.
- 7. (Currently Amended) A method of producing an oxide superconducting film according to claim 6 [[3]], wherein the a gas pressure during the pulsed-laser deposition is within the range of 1.33 Pa to 100-66.66 Pa.
- 8. (Currently Amended) A method of producing an oxide superconducting film according to claim 4, wherein the a gas pressure during the pulsed-laser deposition is within the range of 1.33 Pa to 100 Pa.
- 9. (Previously presented) A method of producing an oxide superconducting film according to claim 1, wherein the gas pressure during the pulsed-laser deposition is within the range of 1.33 Pa to 66.66 Pa.
- 10. (Currently Amended) A method of producing an oxide superconducting film according to claim 3, wherein the <u>a</u> gas pressure during the pulsed-laser deposition is within the range of 1.33 Pa to 66.66 Pa.
- 11. (Currently Amended) A method of producing an oxide superconducting film according to claim 4, wherein the <u>a</u> gas pressure during the pulsed-laser deposition is within the range of 1.33 Pa to 66.66 Pa.
- 12. (Currently Amended) A method of producing an oxide superconducting film according to claim 1, wherein the <u>an</u> atmosphere during the pulsed-laser deposition contains oxygen.

- 13. (Currently Amended) A method of producing an oxide superconducting film according to claim 3, wherein the an atmosphere during the pulsed-laser deposition contains oxygen.
- 14. (Currently Amended) A method of producing an oxide superconducting film according to claim 4, wherein the <u>a</u> atmosphere during the pulsed-laser deposition contains oxygen.
- 15. (Currently Amended) A method of producing an oxide superconducting film according to claim 6, wherein the atmosphere during the pulsed-laser deposition contains oxygen.
- 16. (Previously presented) A method of producing an oxide superconducting film according to claim 1, wherein the oxide superconducting film comprises an RE123 composition, where RE is composed of at least one of a rare-earth element and yttrium.
- 17. (Previously presented) A method of producing an oxide superconducting film according to claim 3, wherein the oxide superconducting film comprises an RE123 composition, where RE is composed of at least one of a rare-earth element and yttrium.
- 18. (Previously presented) A method of producing an oxide superconducting film according to claim 4, wherein the oxide superconducting film comprises an RE123 composition, where RE is composed of at least one of a rare-earth element and yttrium.
- 19. (Previously presented) A method of producing an oxide superconducting film according to claim 6, wherein the oxide superconducting film comprises an RE123 composition, where RE is composed of at least one of a rare-earth element and yttrium.
- 20. (Previously presented) A method of producing an oxide superconducting film according to claim 12, wherein the oxide superconducting film comprises an RE123 composition, where RE is composed of at least one of a rare-earth element and yttrium.